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PREFACE

Apr 91
Nanostructured Magnetic Materials

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In the last twenty years a great amount of progress has been made in the development of new magnetic materials. Permanent magnets have progressed from the AlNiCo's (with $(BH)_m \sim 8$ MGOe) to the strong rare-earth magnets of SmCo_5 ($(BH)_m \sim 20$ MGOe), $\text{Sm}_2(\text{Co,Fe,Cu,Zr})_{17}$ ($(BH)_m \sim 30$ MGOe) and the recently discovered Nd-Fe-B super-magnets with $(BH)_m \sim 50$ MGOe. For years the magnetic storage industry has employed Fe_2O_3 and CrO_2 for storage media and permalloys and ferrites for recording heads. The recent development of thin film heads, the demand of higher density of information storage and the emergence of completely new technologies, like magneto-optics, call for entirely new types of magnetic materials. Another area in which new techniques of materials preparation have made a dramatic impact is the epitaxial growth of magnetic films. Recent work has shown that this process can be controlled on the scale of atomic monolayers permitting the growth of totally artificial structures, such as artificial superlattices with a resolution on this scale. Epitaxial growth has also permitted the stabilization of metastable phases in thin film form. These new phases often possess striking properties, such as strong perpendicular anisotropies, which may prove useful for technological applications such as recording. Research on magnetic multilayers and superlattices is increasing at an accelerating pace. Complex couplings between different magnetic layers lead to new properties not seen in bulk materials. Magnetic surfaces and interfaces show large magnetic anisotropy (surface anisotropy), coercivity, galvano-magnetic and magneto-optic effects that can lead to future storage technologies. Ultrafine particles also show interesting and unique properties ranging from superparamagnetism to strong magnetic hysteresis in particles with a size close to that of single domain particle. The investigation of these new materials is shedding new light on magnetism in general, and yields unusual materials in powder form which have potential use in magnetic tapes as well as in many other technological areas.

The remarkable progress made in magnetic materials has been aided by an interplay between experimental measurements and theoretical models. The Stoner and Wohlfarth model of single domain particles helped significantly in understanding the origin of magnetic hysteresis in permanent magnets. However, this oversimplified theory is often used incorrectly to describe the hysteresis

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behavior of complex magnetic materials where a "domain wall pinning" or a "nucleation of reversed domains" process is rather more appropriate. The origin of surface anisotropy in thin films and ultrafine particles is not yet clear, and the effects of film thickness and interfaces on the intrinsic and extrinsic magnetic properties are not well understood. In superlattices, it is now found that strong coupling between two ferromagnetic layers can be carried through an intervening layer which is not ferromagnetic. Transport measurements in these structures show giant magneto-resistance effects. The progress in band theory of magnetic materials has also been remarkable. Using novel statistical techniques of Monte Carlo calculation the Curie temperature of Fe has been calculated accurately. This progress has now paved the way for addressing the important "secondary" phenomena such as magnetic anisotropy, galvano-magnetism and magneto-optic rotations which are due to "spin-orbit coupling." All of these properties have been poorly understood in the past and are decisive for many application.

The NATO Advanced Study Institute (ASI) on the Science and Technology of Nanostructured Magnetic Materials which was held June 24 - July 6, 1990 in Aghia Pelaghia, Crete, Greece, reviewed the remarkable progress made in magnetic materials over the last few years and addressed the current state-of-the-art research and its impact on technological applications. The subject matter fell into a number of broad areas including thin films, multilayers, disordered systems, ultrafine particles, intermetallic compounds, permanent magnets and magnetic imaging techniques. The present volume contains the invited lectures as well as a number of contributed papers. The book is divided into seven chapters representing the various topics discussed at the meeting. We hope that this book will serve as a reference to all researchers in magnetic materials and other related fields.

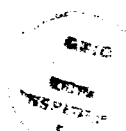
The workshop was made possible due to the generous support by NATO Scientific Affairs Division, Brussels, Belgium. The directors wish also to express their gratitude for the additional support by the Office of Naval Research, European U. S. Army, IBM, General Electric, Philips Hamburg and Du Pont. We also thank Mrs. Helen Long for her efficient assistance with many aspects of the workshop and Mrs. Voula Hadjipanayis for her enthusiastic support during the time of the meeting.

George C. Hadjipanayis

Gary Prinz

CHAPTERS

- I. Thin Films, Surfaces and Interfaces
- II. Multilayers
- III. Domain Walls, Magnetic Domains and Techniques for Their Observation
- IV. Magnetic Anisotropy and Random Magnets
- V. Magnetic Semiconductors and Intermetallic Compounds
- VI. Fine Particles
- VII. Magnetic Hysteresis and Permanent Magnets



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I. THIN FILMS, SURFACES AND INTERFACES

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|-----|---|-----------|
| 1. | Electronic Structure and Magnetism of Metal Surfaces, Overlayers & Interfaces | Freeman |
| *2. | Metastable Phases Via MBE | G. Prinz |
| 3. | Spin Resolved Photoemmission | Kirschner |
| 4. | Growth and Magnetic Properties of Metastable Structures | Heinrich |
| 5. | Correlation of Crystalline and Electronic Structure in Epitaxial FCC-Cobalt Monolayers on Cu(100) | Schneider |
| 6. | Mössbauer Studies of Ultrathin Magnetic Films of Fe/Ag(100) | Keon |
| 7. | Spin-Dependence of Absorbed and Reflected Current on Fe(110) | Hammond |
| 8. | MBE Growth of Metal/Semiconductor Interfaces | Slaughter |
| 9. | Surface and Interface Magnetism | Meier |
| 10. | Ferromagnetic Resonance Studies of Epitaxial Ultrathin Fe(001)/Cu(001) Bilayers and Fe(001)/Cu(001)/Fe(001) Trilayers | Celinski |
| 11. | Laser Ablation Deposition of Metallic Thin Films | Gavigan |
| 12. | Exchange Coupled Films for Magneto-Optic Applications | Gambino |
| 13. | Temperature Dependence of Micromagnetic Domain Structure in Cobalt Films | McFadyen |
| 14. | Hyperfine Interaction Techniques Applied to the Study of Surfaces and Interfaces | Rots |
| 15. | Surface Magnetostriction | O'Handley |

* to be sent directly to Plenum Publishing Company

II. MULTILAYERS

1.	Magnetic Rare-Earth Artificial Metallic Superlattices	Rhyne
2.	X-Ray Characterization of Magnetic Multilayers and Superlattices	Falco
3.	The Characterization of Interface Roughness and Other Defects in Multilayers by X-Ray Scattering	Sinha
4.	Magnetism of Nanostructured Rare-Earth Multilayers	Sellmyer
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7.	Structural and Magnetic Properties of Epitaxial Co/Pd Superlattices	Engel
8.	First Principle Calculation of the Magnetocrystalline Anisotropy Energy of Co_nPd_m Multilayers	Daalderop
9.	Structural and Magnetic Studies in Co-Pt Multilayers	Krishnan
10.	Magnetic Properties of Hexagonal Fe/Ru Superlattice With Short Periodicities	Piecuch
11.	Magnetic Studies of Fe-Si Compositionally Modulated Thin Films	Tejada
12.	Mössbauer Spectroscopy of the Fe/Ni Interface	Donzelli
13.	Analysis of Amorphous Dysprosium - Transition Metal Nanoscale Magnetic Multilayers	Shan
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III. DOMAIN WALLS, MAGNETIC DOMAINS AND TECHNIQUES FOR THEIR OBSERVATION

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|-----|---|-------------------|
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| 2. | MO-Recording: The Switching Process and Its Relation to the Magnetic Properties of Thin Films | Mergel |
| 3. | Micromagnetic Computations of Magnetization Configurations | Jakubovics |
| 4. | Domain Walls and Domain Wall Structure | Humphrey |
| 5. | Domain Wall Multiplication in Amorphous Ferromagnetic Alloys | Beatrice |
| 6. | Electron Microscope Methods for Imaging Internal Magnetic Fields at High Spatial Resolution | Spence |
| 7. | Scanning Tunneling Microscopy and Force Microscopy Applied to Magnetic Materials | Garcia |
| 8. | Special Session on Spin-Polarized Vacuum Tunneling | Notes by Hathaway |
| 9. | Magnetic Imaging Via Scanning Electron Microscopy with Polarization Analysis | Celotta |
| 10. | Atomic Scale Probe Into High-Tc Superconductors Using Scanning Tunneling Microscopy | Rao |

IV. MAGNETIC ANISOTROPY AND RANDOM MAGNETS

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|----|---|----------|
| 1. | Magnetic Anisotropy | Jansen |
| 2. | Random Anisotropy in Magnetic Materials | Cullen |
| 3. | Perpendicular and In-Plane Anisotropy in Amorphous Tb-Fe | O'Shea |
| 4. | Magnetostriction in Amorphous Magnets | Hernando |
| 5. | Anderson Localization in 3-Dimensional Amorphous Alloys: Evolution with the Content of Magnetic Ions | Filippi |
| 6. | On the Law of Approach to Saturation in the Series of Amorphous Alloys α -Dy _x Gd _{1-x} Ni | Amaral |
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| 8. | Absence of Temperature-Driven First Order Phase Transitions in Systems with Random Bonds | Berker |

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|----|---|----------|
| 1. | Magnetic Behavior of Diluted Magnetic Semiconductors | de Jonge |
| 2. | Intermetallic Compounds and Crystal Field Interactions | Coey |
| 3. | Crystal Field and Exchange Interactions in Hard Magnetic Materials | Franse |
| 4. | First Order Magnetization Processes | Asti |
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VI. FINE PARTICLES

1.	Granular Solids	Chien
2.	Ultrafine Magnetic Particles	Hadjipanayis
3.	Magnetic Nanometer Systems and Mössbauer Spectroscopy	Morrish
4.	Some Topics in Fine Particle Magnetism	Berkowitz
5.	Mössbauer Studies of Fine Fe-Based Particles	Morup
6.	Mössbauer Studies of Fine Particles of Fe-Cr-B	Kostikas
7.	Chemical Preparation of Fe-Cr-B Particles	Koch
8.	Composition and Structure of Fe-Ni-B Alloy Particles Prepared by Chemical Reductions with NaBH_4	Linderoth
9.	Quantum Effects in Ultrafine Nd-Fe-B Particles	Quintela
10.	Magnetization Reversal in Clusters of Magnetic Particles	Hendriksen
11.	Electric and Magnetic Properties of Small Systems	Arajs
12.	Existence of Frequency Cut-Off in the Spin Wave Spectrum of Small Magnetic Particles	Garcia

VII. MAGNETIC HYSTERESIS AND PERMANENT MAGNETS

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2.	Melt-Spun Magnets	Pinkerton
3.	Solid NdFeB Magnets Made by Gas Atomization and Extrusion	Dulis
4.	The Role of Microstructure in Permanent Magnets	Hadjipanayis
5.	Lorentz Microscopy in Permanent Magnets	Fidler
6.	Coercivity in Hard Magnetic Materials	Givord
7.	Micromagnetism and Magnetization Processes in Modern Magnetic Materials	Kronmüller
8.	Micromagnetic Approach to Magnetic Hysteresis	Victoria
9.	Magnetic Hysteresis in Disordered Magnets	Soukoulis
10.	Coercivity of Nanostructured Materials	Otani
11.	Magnetic Hysteresis of Co-Pt Films	Tsoukatos
12.	Technology and Application of Permanent Magnets	Narasimhan



NATO International Scientific Exchange Programmes

ADVANCED STUDY INSTITUTE

Scientific Affairs Division - NATO - B-1110 Brussels Belgium - Telephone 02/2410040 - Telex 23-867 (NATOHQ)

GENERAL REPORT

Note

This report should be sent within 30 days of the meeting. The financial report (pink form) may be sent later after consolidation of the accounts; however it must be with NATO by not later than 120 days from the end of the meeting. It should be recalled that only after acceptance by NATO of the financial report as well as the present report can any final supplementary award be authorized.

1. Advanced Study Institute

Title: Science and Technology of Nanostructured Magnetic Materials

Location: Aghia Pelaghia
(site and country) Crete, GREECE

Dates: June 25 - July 6, 1990
Number of working days: 10

2. Director:

(name, position, official address, telephone no., telex no.)

George C. Hadjipanayis
Professor of Physics
University of Delaware
Newark, DE 19716
(302)451-2736

3. Principal Members of the Organizing Committee

(name, position, official address)

Dr. Gary Prinz, Naval Research Lab, Washington, DC 20375-5000
Dr. Luigi Paretti, MASPEC, Parma, ITALY

4. Scientific Codes and percentages of discipline content (see NATO classification of scientific subjects)

Code	%	Code	%	Code	%
4204	60	2712	40		

5. General Comments

The Director is asked to give here general comments on the meeting; comments on the application process, the planning and execution of the meeting itself and follow-up are also useful for the maintenance and improvement of the ASI Programme and are welcome. Specifically financial comments should not be given here but may be made in the accompanying financial report. A short scientific summary of the meeting should be prepared on the attached camera ready copy sheets for publication in the NATO Science Committee Yearbook.

The idea for a NATO Advanced Study Institute on Nanostructured Magnetic Materials arose in a 3M Conference where J. Prinz suggested to me that we should hold this Institute in Greece. Soon after this we planned a tentative program, made a list of possible lecturers and wrote to them asking if they wanted to participate in the Institute. After we received their answer we applied to NATO for funding of the Institute.

When we learned that the proposed Institute was approved we wrote again to the lecturers, reminded them of their duties and asked them to provide us with names of good students who would greatly benefit from this Institute. We also sent letters and posters to many laboratories doing research in magnetic materials and encouraged researchers and students to apply for the Institute. In addition we advertised the Institute in the Physics Today and A large number of students and researchers applied to come to the Institute. At this time we decided to include additional short talks to cover the state-of-the-art current research in magnetic materials. We have chosen several speakers from the people who applied and asked them to give "invited talks" on topics of their expertise. These speakers were treated the same way as the other participants. We also advertised the idea of poster presentations.

Several times before the meeting we sent letters to the lecturers and speakers and ask them to have their manuscripts ready at the time of the Institute and also copies and summaries of the talks for the rest of the participants. Tentative lists of participants were sent to Plenum Publishing Company, who provided camera ready sheets and instructions for manuscript preparation to all applicants. The daily program consisted of talks from 8:45 a.m. to 10:45 a.m. followed by a coffee break at 11:15. The talks continued until 1:15 p.m. followed by a siesta to 5:00 p.m. The talks resumed again at 5:00 to 7:00 p.m. after which the group got together for dinner. During the time of the meeting it was evident that some topics needed additional time for questions to be answered and differences to be resolved. To handle this we introduced special sessions, for those interested, in the afternoon at 4 p.m., one hour before the afternoon session.

Wednesday afternoon we visited Knossos and on the first Sunday we organized an excursion to Samaria Gorge. Our social events included a welcome cocktail party, a Greek night and a banquet Cretan night.

6. National distribution of Lecturers (L) and ASI Students (S)

	L	S		L	S		L	S		L	S
Belgium			Iceland			Spain	1		Other Countries		
Canada	1		Italy			Turkey			(specify)		
Denmark			Luxembourg			UK	1		Ireland	1	
France	2		Netherlands	2		USA	5				
Germany	2		Norway								
Greece	1		Portugal						TOTALS		

7. Book to be published as a product of the ASI

Title of Book : SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY OF NANOSTRUCTURED MAGNETIC MATERIALS

Editor(s) : (a) George C. Hadjipanayis

(b) Gary Prinz

(c) Luigi Pareti

Publisher : Plenum Publishing Company

Expected Date of Publication : April 1991

Editor's Comments

Date :

Jan 6, 1991

Signature

George Hadjipanayis

Attachments

1. Annex - List of Director(s), Lecturers and ASI Students
2. Scientific summary : camera ready

June 25 - July 6, 1990

Heraklion (Aghia Pelayia) Crete, Greece

Dr. George C. Hadjipanayis

Dept. of Physics & Astronomy

University of Delaware, Newark, DE 19716

The Institute reviewed the remarkable progress made in magnetic materials over the last few years and addressed the current state-of-the-art research and its impact on technological applications. The subject matter fell into a number of broad areas including thin films, multilayers, disordered systems, ultrafine particles, intermetallic compounds, permanent magnets and magnetic imaging techniques.

The development of new techniques for materials preparation has made a dramatic impact in the area of epitaxial growth of magnetic films. Several presentations have shown that this process can be controlled on the scale of atomic layers permitting the growth of artificial structures such as artificial superlattices with nearly atomic resolution. Epitaxial growth has also permitted the stabilization of metastable phases in thin films which often possess a strong perpendicular anisotropy which may prove useful for technological applications. In magnetic multilayers and superlattices the complex coupling between different magnetic layers was discussed both experimentally and theoretically. In superlattices it was proposed that a strong coupling between two ferromagnetic layers can be carried out through an intervening layer which is not ferromagnetic. This coupling leads to new properties not seen in the past. Magnetic surfaces and interfaces show large magnetic anisotropy (surface anisotropy), coercivity, magnetoresistance, galvanomagnetic and magneto-optic effects that can lead to future storage technologies. Band structure studies using statistical techniques of Monte Carlo calculations, led to accurate calculations of the Curie temperature of Fe, Co, Ni films. The solution of this problem opened the door for other important phenomena which are due to "spin orbit" coupling. Several contributions discussed the physics of ultrafine particles and granular solids with interesting and unique properties from superparamagnetism to strong magnetic hysteresis. The magnetic properties of rare-earth intermetallic compounds with potential applications in permanent magnets have been discussed including the crystal field effects and the origin of magnetic anisotropy. The magnetic hysteresis behavior of fine particles, permanent magnets, melt-spun ribbons and mechanically alloyed magnets have been discussed. The magnetic hysteresis models of "domain wall pinning" and "nucleation of reversed domains" have been reviewed and their applicability in different magnetic materials was discussed. The micromagnetic approach using the Landau-Lifshitz-Gilbert equation was also presented to explain the hysteresis behavior of thin films.

The magnetic properties of all of these materials are strongly influenced by their microstructure and several methods to evaluate their growth, lattice structure and sample integrity were discussed. These included spin-polarized electron spectroscopy, DPC and RHEED/RE Microscopy and Lorentz microscopy.

Finally the applications of magnetic materials in magnetic recording, magneto-optic recording and permanent magnets have been discussed with more emphasis given to the improvement of material properties for these applications.

Granular Solids, Prof. C. Chien, Johns Hopkins University, Baltimore, Maryland
 Intermetallic Compounds and Crystal Field Interactions, Prof. T. Coey, Trinity College,
 Dublin, Ireland
 Random Anisotropy in Magnetic Materials, Prof. J. Cullen, Naval Surface Weapons Center,
 Silver Springs, MD
 Magnetic Behavior of Diluted Magnetic Semiconductors, Prof. W. de Jonge, Eindhoven
 University of Technology, The Netherlands
 Transport Properties of Metallic Thin Films and Multilayers, Prof. A. Fert, Universite Paris
 Sud, Orsay, France
 Scanning Tunneling Microscopy and Force Microscopy Applied to Magnetic Materials, Prof.
 N. Garcia, Autonouous University of Madrid, Madrid, Spain
 Coercivity in Hard Magnetic Materials, Prof. D. Givord, Neel Laboratory, Grenoble, France
 Ultrafine Magnetic Particles, Prof. G. C. Hadjipanayis, University of Delaware, Newark,
 Delaware
 The Role of Microstructure in Permanent Magnets, Prof. G. C. Hadjipanayis, University of
 Delaware, Newark, Delaware
 Micromagnetism and Magnetization Processes in Modern Magnetic Materials, Prof. K.
 Kronmüller, Max-Planck Institute fur Metallforschung, Stuttgart, Germany
 Magnetic Nanometer Systems and Mössbauer Spectroscopy, Prof. A. Morrish, University of
 Manitoba, Winnepeg, Canada
 Metastable Phases Via MBE, Dr. G. Prinz, Naval Research Laboratory, Washington, D. C.
 Magnetic Rare-Earth Artificial Metallic Superlattices, Prof. J. Rhyne, National Bureau of
 Standards, Gaithersburg, Maryland
 Spin Resolved Photoemission, Prof. J. Kirschner, Institut fur
 Grenzflächenforschung und Vakuumphysik, Jülich, Germany
 Magnetism of Nanostructured Rare-Earth Multilayers, Prof. D. Sellmyer, University of
 Nebraska, Lincoln, Nebraska
 Electron Microscope Methods for Imaging Internal Magnetic Fields at High Spatial
 Resolution, Prof. J. Spence, Arizona State University, Tempe, Arizona

G. C. Hadjipanayis, University of Delaware, USA (Director)
 G. A. Prinz, Naval Research Lab, USA (Secretary and Editor)
 L. Paretti, MASPEC Institute, Italy (European Editor)

LECTURERS

Professor C. Chien
Johns Hopkins University
Department of Physics
Baltimore, MD 21218

Professor T. Coey
Department of Pure & Applied Physics
Trinity College
Dublin 2
IRELAND

Professor J. Cullen
Naval Surface Weapons Center
Silver Springs, MD 20901-5900

Professor W. deJong
Department of Physics
Eindhoven University of Technology
de Dolech 2
NL-5600 MB Eindhoven
NETHERLANDS

Professor A. Fert
Laboratoire de Physique des Solides
Universite Paris Sud
F91405 Orsay, FRANCE

Professor N. Garcia
Department of Physics
Autonomous University of Madrid
Madrid, SPAIN

Professor D. Givord
Neel Laboratory
CNRS 166X-38042
Grenoble, CEDEX
FRANCE

Professor G. Hadjipanayis
University of Delaware
Department of Physics & Astronomy
Newark, DE 19716

Professor H. Jansen
Department of Physics
Oregon State University
Corvallis, OR 97331

Professor J. Kirschner
Institut fur Grenzflächenforschung
and Vakuumphysik
KFA Julich
WEST GERMANY

Professor K. Kronmüller
Max-Planck Inst. für Metallforschung
Institut für Physik
Heisenbergstrasse 1
7000 Stuttgart 80
WEST GERMANY

Professor A. Morrish
Department of Physics
University of Manitoba
Winnipeg, MAN R3T 2N2
CANADA

Dr. G. Prinz
Naval Research Laboratory
Washington, DC 20390

Professor J. Rhyne
National Bureau of Standards
Gaithersburg, MD 20899

Professor D. Sellmyer
Department of Physics
University of Nebraska
Lincoln, NE 68588

Professor J. Spence
Department of Physics
Arizona State University
Tempe, AZ 85287

SPEAKERS

Professor V. Amaral
Centro de Fisica de Universidade
de Porto
4000 Porto
PORTUGAL

Dr. P. Alexopoulos
IBM Almaden Research Center
650 Harry Road
San Jose, CA 95120-6099

Dr. S. Araj
Department of Physics
Clarkson University
Potsdam, NY 13676

Dr. G. Asti
Institute MASPEC del C.N.R.
via Chiavari, 18 A, 43100 Parma
ITALY

Dr. N. Berker
MIT
Physics Department
Cambridge, MA 02139

Dr. A. Berkowitz
Mail Code R-001
Center for Magnetic Recording
University of CA - San Diego
La Jolla, CA 92093

Dr. R. Celotta
National Institute of Science
& Technology
Gaithersburg, MD 20899

Dr. Daalderop
Philips Research Lab
Eindhoven
THE NETHERLANDS

Dr. J. Dekoster
Celestunenlaan 200-D
B 3030, Leuven, BELGIUM

Dr. O. Donzelli
Dipartimento di Fisica
Universita (GNSM-CISM)
via Paradiso 12
44100 Ferrara
ITALY

Dr. E. Dulis
Crucible Research Inc.
Pittsburgh, PA 15212

Dr. C. Falco
Optical Science Center
& Physics Dept.
University of Arizona
Tucson, AZ 85721

Dr. J. Fidler
Technical Universitat Wien
Wiederer Hauptstrasse 8-10
A-104 Wien
AUSTRIA

Professor P.J.P. Freitas
INESC, rua Alves Redol 9
Apartado 10105
1017 Lisboa Codex
PORTUGAL

Dr. J. J. M. Franse
Natuurkundig Laboratorium
University of Amsterdam
Valckenierstraat 65
1018 XE Amsterdam
THE NETHERLANDS

Dr. R. J. Gambino
IBM
Thomas J. Watson Research
Yorktown Heights, NY 10598

Dr. J. Gavighan
Neel Laboratory
CNRS 166X-38042
Grenoble, CEDEX
FRANCE

Dr. B. Heinrich
Physics Department
Simon Fraser University
Burnaby, BC, CANADA

Dr. A. Hernando
Laboratoire de Magnetismo
Facultad de C Fisicas
University Complutense
28040 Madrid, SPAIN

Dr. K. Howard
Department 72/028
IBM
5600 Cottle Road
San Jose, CA 95193

Dr. F. Humphrey
Boston University
P.O. Box 722
Meredith, NH 03253

Dr. H. Hurdequint
Laboratoire de Physique
des Solides
Universite Paris Sud
91405 Orsay
FRANCE

Mrs. T. H. Jacobs
Kamerlingh Onnes Lab
University of Leiden
2300 RA Leiden
THE NETHERLANDS

Dr. J. P. Jakubovics
Dept. of Metallurgy & Science
of Materials
University of Oxford
Parks Road, Oxford OX1 3PH
ENGLAND

Dr. N. Koon
Naval Research Lab
Washington, D.C. 20375

Dr. T. Kostikas
Demokritos National Research Center
Institute of Materials Science
153 10 Ag. Paraskeri Attikis
P.O.B. 60228
GREECE

Dr. F. Meier
Laboratorium Festkorperphysik
ETH Honggerberg
CH-08093 Zurich
SWITZERLAND

Dr. D. Mergel
Philips Research Lab
D-2000 Hamburg 54
POB 540840
GERMANY

Dr. S. Morup
Laboratory of Applied Physics
of Denmark
DK-2800 Lyngby
DENMARK

Dr. K.S.V.L. Narasimhan
Hoeganaes Magnetics
65 Indel Avenue
Rancocas, NJ 08073

Dr. R. O'Handley
MIT
77 Massachusetts Avenue
Cambridge, MA 02139

Dr. M. O'Shea
Department of Physics
Cardwell Hall
Kansas State University
Manhattan, KS 66506

Dr. M. Piecuch
Laboratoire Mixte
CNRS-Saint Gobain
CRPAM-BP 109
54704 Pont-A-Mousson CEDEX
FRANCE

Dr. F. E. Pinkerton
Physics Department
General Motors Research Labs
Warren, MI 48090-9055

Dr. J. Rivas
Depto. Fisica Aplicada
Facultad de Fisica
E-15708 Santiago de Compostela
SPAIN

Dr. M. Rots
Instituut voor Kern-en Stralingsfysica
Katholieke Universiteit
Leuven, BELGIUM

Dr. L. Shultz
Siemens, AG Research Labs.
D-8520 Erlangen
FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF GERMANY

Professor K. V. Rac
Department of Solid State Physics
Royal Institute of Technology
Stockholm, SWEDEN

Dr. C. Soukoulis
Department of Physics
Iowa State University
Ames, IA 50010

Dr. J. Tejada
Facultad de Fisica
Universidad de Barcelona
Diagonal 647.08028
SPAIN

Professor T. Tsakalakos
Rutgers University
Department of Materials Science
P.O. Box 909
Piscataway, NJ 08854

Dr. R. H. Victora
Diversified Technologies Div.
Research Laboratories
Eastman Kodak Co.
Rochester, NY 14650

PARTICIPANTS

Professor V. Amaral
Centro de Fisica de Universidade
de Porto
4000 Porto
PORTUGAL

Professor F. Badia
Dept. de Fisica Fonamental
Universitat de Barcelona
Diagonal 647
E-08028
SPAIN

Dr. T. Bakas
University of Ioannina
P.O.B. 1186
OR-451 10 Ioannina, GREECE

Mr. C. Ballentine
MIT, Rm. 4-015
Cambridge, MA 02139

Professor C. Beatrice
Istituto Elettrotecnico Nazionale
Galileo Ferraris
c.so D'Azeglio 42
10125 Torino
ITALY

Mr. P. Belien
University of Leuven
Department of Physics
Celestijnenlaan 200 D
B-3030 Leuven, BELGIUM

Mr. M. Carey
Center for Magnetic Recording Res.
Univ. of California, San Diego
La Jolla, CA 92093

Dr. Z. Celinski
Department of Physics
Simon Fraser University
Burnaby V5A 1S6
BRITISH COLUMBIA

Mr. J. Childress
Johns Hopkins University
Department of Physics
Baltimore, MD 21218

Mr. C. Christides
Institute of Materials Science
DEMOKRITOS N.R.CPS
Ag. Paraskevi, Attiki, GREECE

Dr. A. Clark
Naval Surface Weapon Center
Silver Spring, MD 20903

Mr. J. Costa Kramer
Department of Solid State Physics
Royal Institute of Technology
S-10044, Stockholm, SWEDEN

Professor R. Day
Csiro Applied Physics
PO Box 218
Lindfield NSU 2070
AUSTRALIA

Mr. B. Engel
Department of Physics
University of Arizona
Tucson, ARIZONA 85721

Dr. J. Filippi
Laboratoire Louis Neel
C.N.R.S.
166X, 38042
Grenoble, CEDEX
FRANCE

Dr. N. Flevaris
Solid State Physics
Aristotelio University of Thessaloniki
54006, Thessaloniki
GREECE

Professor G. Fratucello
Universita di Ferrara
Departmento di Fisica
via Paradiso 1-44100
Ferrara, ITALY

Mr. A. Garvin
Department of Physics & Astronomy
Johns Hopkins University
Baltimore, MD 21218

Mr. J. Guzman
Magnetics Technology Center
Carnegie Mellon University
Pittsburgh, PA 15213

Mr. L. Giordano
Centro Atomico
8400-Bariloche
ARGENTINA

Dr. J. Gonzalez
Inst. de Ciencia de Materiales
C.S.I.C.
Serrano 144 28006
Madrid SPAIN

Professor M. Hammond
Freie Universitat Berlin
Fachbereich Physik
Institut fur Atom und
Festkorperphysik (WE-1)
Arnimallee 14, D-1000 Berlin
FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF GERMANY

Dr. M. Hanson
Physics Department
Chalmers University of Technology
S-412 96 Goteborg, SWEDEN

Dr. K. Hathaway
Code 1114
Office of Naval Research
800 N. Quincy Street
Arlington, VA 22217

Mr. P. Hendriksen
Lab. of Applied Physics
Tech. Univ. of Denmark
DK Lyngby, DENMARK

Mr. D. Hurley
Dept. of Pure & Applied Physics
Trinity College
Dublin 2, IRELAND

Professor R. Krishnan
Laboratoire de Magnetisme CNRS
92195 Meudon CEDEX
FRANCE

Dr. S. Linderoth
Lab. of Applied Physics
Technical University of Denmark
DK-2800, Lyngby
DENMARK

Dr. R. McCallum
Ames Lab, 106 Wilhelm Hall
Iowa State University
Ames, IA 50011

Dr. I. McFadyen
IBM Research Division
Almaden Research Center
650 Harry Road
San Jose, CA 95120-6099

Professor B. Martinez
Dept. de Fisica Fonamental
Universitat de Barcelona
Diagonal 647
E-08028 Barcelona
SPAIN

Ms. N. Karaoglu
Dakuz Eylul University
Engineering Architectural Faculty
Geological Engineering 35100
Bornova/Izmir, TURKEY

Mr. C. Koch
Lab. of Applied Physics
Bldg. 307
Tech. Univ. of Denmark
DK-2800 Lyngby, DENMARK

Ms. K. Mahoney
R43 Naval Surface Warfare Center
Silver Spring, MD 20905-5000

Professor C. Mavroyannis
Division of Chemistry
National Research Council of Canada
Ottawa, Ontario, Canada K1A 0R6

Dr. L. Melo
INESC
R. Alves Redol, 9-3
P-1000 Lisboa, PORTUGAL

Dr. D. Niarchos
Demokritos National Research Center
153 10 Ag. Paraskeri Attikis
P.O.B. 60228
GREECE

Mr. J. Nogues
Department of Solid St. Physics
Royal Inst. of Tech.
S-100 44, Stockholm, SWEDEN

Dr. M. Oliviera
MIT-Department of Physics
77 Massachusetts Avenue
Cambridge, MA 02139

Dr. Y. Otani
Trinity College
Department of Pure & Applied Physics
Dublin 2, IRELAND

Dr. V. Papefthymiou
Demokritos National Research Center
Inst. of Materials Science
152-3 10 Ag. Paraskeri Attikis
P.O.B. 60228
GREECE

Dr. F. Petroff
Laboratoire de Physique des Solides
Univesite Paris-Sud
91405 Orsay
FRANCE

Dr. D. Polk
Materials Division
Office of Naval Research
800 N. Quincy Street
Arlington, VA 22217

Ms. M. Pont
Departamento de Fisica
Universitat Autonoma Barcelona
08193 Bellaterr SPAIN

Professor P. Pouloupoulos
Department of Physics
Aristotle University of Thessaloniki
Thessaloniki, GREECE

Professor E. Ribas
Dept. de Fisica Fonamental
Universitat de Barcelona
Diagonal 647, E-08028 SPAIN
08028 Barcelona, SPAIN

Dr. J. Schmidt
Inst. de Fisica-UFRGS
Cx. Postal 15051
Porto Alegre, RS 91500 BRAZIL

Professor C. Schneider
Freeie Universitat Berlin
Fachbereich Physik
Institut fur Atom under
Festkorperphysik (WE 1)
Arminallee 14, D-1000
Berlin 33
FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF GERMANY

Dr. I. Shah
E. I. duPont Experimental Station
P.O. Box 80356
Wilmington, DE 19880-0356

Mr. Z. Shan
Dept. of Physics & Astronomy
Behlen Lab
Lincoln, NE 68588

Dr. B. Siberchicot
Boite Postale 27
94190-Villeneuve St. Georges
FRANCE

Dr. W. Simmons
Chief Materials Branch
U.S. Army Research
Development & Standardization Group
Edison House, 223 Old Marylebone Rd.
London NW11 5th
ENGLAND

Dr. T. Simopoulos
Demokritos National Research Center
Inst. of Materials Science
153 10 Ag. Paraskeri Attikis
P.O.B. 60228
GREECE

Mr. E. Singleton
University of Delaware
Dept. of Physics & Astronomy
223 Sharp Lab
Newark, DE 19716

Dr. S. Sinha
Physics Department
Brookhaven National Lab
Upton, NY 11973

Mr. S. Slade
University of California-San Diego
Center for Magnetic Recording
R-001
La Jolla, CA 92093

Dr. J. Slaughter
Department of Physics
Building 81
University of Arizona
Tucson, AZ 85721

Dr. M. Solzi
Istituto Materiali Speciali
Per Elettronica E. Magnetism
MASPEC
43100 Parma, ITALY

Professor J. Sousa
Centro de Fisica de Universidade de
Porto
4000 Porto
PORTUGAL

Professor C. Stassis
Iowa State University
Department of Physics
Ames, IA 50011

Dr. J. Teter
R43, Naval Surface Warfare Center
Silver Springs, MD 20905-5000

Dr. F. Tezer
Physics Department
Hacettepe University
Beytepe, Ankara
TURKEY 06532

Dr. I. Thomas
Department of Energy
19901 Germantown Road
Germantown, MD 20874

Ms. T. Tsoukatos
University of Delaware
Department of Physics and Astronomy
223 Sharp Laboratory
Newark, DE 19716

Dr. K. Unruh
University of Delaware
Dept. of Physics & Astronomy
223 Sharp Lab
Newark, DE 19716

Dr. C. Williams
Code 6346
U.S. Naval Research Laboratory
Washington, DC 20375-5000

Mr. G. Zouganelis
National Center for Scientific
Research "DEMOKRITOS"
Institute of Materials Science
153 10 Ag. Paraskevi Attikis
GREECE